> ST. MARTIN'S CHURCH Oak Lane Philadelphia Pennsylvania

ST. MARTIN'S CHURCH, Oak Lane, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

This congregation occupies a stone church building on the southwest corner of 10th Street and Oak Lane Avenue. The church seats approximately 175 persons, and the building is reported to be only in fair condition. Parish house facilities are provided in the basement and also in an attached two-story parish house. Two connecting sections between the church and parish house leave an open court in the center of the complex. These facilities need refurbishing. The rectory is close-by on the church grounds and is a large stone residence of 15 rooms. It is reported to be in good condition, needing only storm windows. Insurance coverage on all these buildings, apparently, is somewhat low, being a reported 70% of replacement value.

The congregation of St. Martin's Church has existed since 1888, and the present church building was erected in 1892. From that time until World War II this congregation continued to expand slowly. Since then the parish has gradually declined in size. In 1964 a re-vitalization program was begun under present leadership.

THE CHURCH NEIGHBORHOOD

St. Martin's is located in the north-central portion of the City of Philadelphia in the area known as Oak Lane. The limits of this community are unofficial but are considered to be Cheltenham Avenue on the north, Second Street on the east, Broad Street on the west, and Godfrey Avenue on the south. In this area, Cheltenham Avenue is the boundary between the

City of Philadelphia and Montgomery County. The area around St. Martin's Church is primarily residential with most of the dwellings being single-family units. Apartments and row-houses might make up 25% of the dwellings. Many of the single-family units are large older houses. After World War II many Jewish people moved into the area, replacing non-Roman Christians. It is reported that at the present time white Roman Catholics are replacing many of the Jewish families.

The City of Philadelphia has been designated by the United States Census Bureau to be part of a Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area. As such, both Philadelphia and the neighboring Montgomery County have been divided into small geographical areas known as census tracts. St. Martin's Church is located in Census Tract 50-C. For the purposes of this Study, the Division of Research has arbitrarily assigned this census tract and four surrounding tracts to be a "Parish Study Area."

The 1950 population of the area is not available, but in 1960 there were 17,124 persons living in the five census tracts. The four census tracts within the City of Philadelphia had a population of 11,423, while Census Tract M-24B across the city line in Montgomery County had a population of 5,701.

Children under 15 years of age made up from 15% to 23% of the various census tracts. The area to the west of St. Martin's Church had the smallest number of young people and the heaviest concentration of older people. Adults 65 years

of age and over in the entire Study area ranged from 11% to 20%. At the time of the 1960 census the number of non-whites in the Philadelphia section of the Parish Study Area was almost negligible. Across the line in Montgomery County the non-whites there represented 10.1% of the population. This is a significant factor because the highest educational level and median family income of the Parish Study Area is to be found in this one particular census tract. The following chart gives details of the age and race characteristics of the population.

CENSUS TRACT	POPULAT:	ION 960	14	% & UNDER	% 65 & OVER N	% ON-WHITE
50-C B O D	NA NA NA	2,159 2,563 2,411 4,290		19.7 21.8 21.5 14.9	15.4 12.0 12.7 20.7	0.4 0.2 0.8 0.3
SUB TOTAL	1	1,423				0.4
M-24B	NA	5,701		23.3	11.3	10.1
TOTAL	1	7,124				3.6

The lowest median family income in this Study area is found to the west of St. Martin's Church in the area that has the greatest number of older people. This is also the area that had the greatest movement of people between 1955 and 1960, which is reflected in the 54% mobility ratio, the lowest of the area. In 1960 there were no Puerto Ricans

living in the area.

CENSUS TRACT	NON-WHITE POPULATION 1960	PUERTO RICAN 1960	MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME	RESIDENCE 1960 SAME AS 1955 %
50-C B O D	8 6 19 13	0 0 0	\$ 8,523 7,050 9,911 6,671	61.5
SUB TOTAL	46 577	0	\$10,333	61.3

This is basically a well-educated population which is reflected in the 11 years to 12.5 years median education level. This level is only 9.6 years for the entire city of Philadelphia. On the chart below the educational level of adults 25 years of age and over is listed. Census Tract 50-B which is to the east of St. Martin's Church, had the lowest percentage of college-trained people. The median ages given are relatively high, particularly in Census Tract 50-D.

CENS	SUS %	25 YRS. OF AGI % LL. 1-3 YRS. C	/0	O VE R 25	MED ED	MED M AGE	F
50-0 F	21.8 28.4 27.4	12.3 8.4 12.4 11.2	20.4	1,441 1,756 1,577	12.4	38.3 39.6 39.3 43.5	42.3 42.8 41.1 49.3
M-2	25.2	13.8	23.1	3,602	12.5	36.3	39.3



At the time of the Diocesan Study there were only 242 identifiable Episcopalians residing in the five census tracts of the Study Area. This number is 1.4% of the 1960 population, a figure that is below the Philadelphia City average of 2%, the Montgomery County average of 5.3%, and the national average of 1.8%.

Of these 242 Episcopalians, 85, or 35.1%, looked to St. Martin's Church for spiritual guidance. These 85 Episcopalians represent approximately 43% of the mapped membership of the congregation.

In its own immediate vicinity this parish reaches approximately half of all identifiable Episcopalians, but this number represents just under 15% of the mapped membership. The congregation cannot be said to be a neighborhood church because over 50% of its members live outside of the five census tracts of this parish area. The chart below gives a statistical analysis of the strength of the Episcopal Church in this area.

CENSUS TRACT	TOTAL POP.	TOTAL EPIS.	% OF POP. EPIS.	TOTAL PARISH MEMB.	% EPIS. MEMB.	% PARISH MEMB.	
50-C B O	2,159 2,563 2,411 4,290	55 30 36 66	2.5 1.2 1.5	28 5 18 26	50.9 16.7 50.0 39.4	14.2 2.5 9.1 13.1	
SUB TOTAL	11,423	187	1.6	77	41.2	38.9	
M-24B	5,701	55	1.0	8	14.5	4.0	
TOTAL	17,124	242	1.4	. 85	35.1	42.9	

On Pages K-l to K-3 of the Church Self-Study Form will be found information relative to the schools, colleges, churches, and synagogues located within the church neighborhood. Although somewhat difficult to read at times, the Church Self-Study From was fully and thoughtfully prepared.



THE CHURCH PROGRAM

Attendance on an average Sunday at St. Martin's Church finds a total of approximately 58% of the baptized membership present for all services. This figure is slightly higher than the 45% to 50% for most Episcopal congregations across the nation. However, it must be noted that, generally speaking, percentages are higher in smaller congregations where a slight increase or decrease in numbers brings about a large percentage change. Nevertheless, the congregation should know that more than half of its people do show up on an average Sunday.

The percentage of participation in the organizational life of the congregation is 35% by men and 40% by women.

The church school provides classes for children of all ages although the total number is only 25. In 1960 there were approximately 3,400 children residing in the Parish Study Area, which certainly speaks to the opportunity St. Martin's Church has of reaching some of the unchurched in this group.

The adult education program of the parish was in the process of development at the time of the Study and at that time included three groups, reaching some 26 adults.

Five parish organizations reported on their individual programs, and the problems of these groups revolve around the increasing age of the members, lack of interest, and excessive rivalry between men and women. A fresh look at the program of all groups should be taken, and the emphasis of all members of the parish ought to be placed upon only those basic functions that aid in the primary mission of the Church. It is

noted that the Altar Guild reports that its chief problem is a shortage of interested women. If this is the case, why not use men? Necessary work of the parish should not be compartmentalized to the exclusion of capable people whose talents might lie in the area of the need.

Using the financial figures submitted in the Church Self-Study Form, it will be seen that the average pledge per communicant amounts to \$64.52. This does not include contributions for special funds or drives. Parish organizations supply an amount equal to approximately 25% of the pledged figure. Is this amount of over \$2,000.00 a year necessary to the budget of the parish? If it is, and if one or more of the means used to raise this money were to be non-successful, would it mean a curtailment of a vital part of the parish life? If the answer is yes, than the congregation should more deeply concern itself with its stewardship giving.

The rector reports making from 12 to 21 calls a week for all purposes. At the time of the Study there was no program of lay pastoral visitation, but one was under discussion.

The emphasis in the Church Self-Study Form seems to indicate that this congregation has not been particularly mindful of life outside of its parochial interests. This extends from paying less of its Missionary Share than others to no parish program for the community and very little cooperation with other religious bodies.

The committee that prepared the Church Self-Study Form gave a comprehensive analysis of future goals and opportunities. The Division of Research recommends that all parish leaders

read the entire Church Self-Study Form report and, in particular, Pages K-30 and K-31.

Comment is made, in the section on future goals, on the need for refurbishing the buildings of the parish. It is the suggestion of the Division of Research that if parish leaders feel the re-vitalization program is developing, and if the buildings are going to be put to more than a selfserving need, then steps should be undertaken to put the parish facilities in good shape. Whether this is done all at once or on a priority system over a specified period of time, will have to be decided by local option. A word of caution is urged in this matter. Members of the parish should not be led to think that improvement of the building will draw people into the life and program of the congregation. The buildings should be improved along with an outreach program so that when increasing numbers of people are drawn into the family of the parish the facilities will be suitable for all sorts of uses.

GENERAL DIVISION OF RESEARCH AND FIELD STUDY Episcopal Church Center

815 Second Avenue New York, N. Y. 10017

Date August 6, 1964

	CHURCH SELF-STUDI FORM
T	PH-67 IDENTIFICATION Church St. Martin's, Oak Lane
1.	Street 10th and Oak Cane City Philadelphia
	County Philadelphia Diocese Tennsylvania
	Parish or Mission Parish State Fennsylvania
	What geographic area does this church serve? Primarily Oak Lane
	Orthon hounder on the North by Cheltenham Tive,
A	to the East at 2nd St, to the West at Broad
9	a 1 1 11 CH at God Loon AVE.
à II.	Strand to the south at Confrontarios are Since pak care is in the city, these boundaries are THE CHURCH NEIGHBORHOOD unofficial.
6	A. The church is located in a section of the city which is occupied by:
B	Downtown commercial uses Industrial uses Apartment dwellings
3	Rooming houses Single-home dwellings A wollege Military
/	uses Other institutions
	B. If more than one type is checked above, please clarify:
	There are also some Apartments and Row Homes— However, 750/0 of Oak Cane has single a wellings. C. Is the church neighborhood changing in any way? Describe:
	C. Is the church neighborhood changing in any way? Describe:
	15 15 than has been a switch
	between Gentiles (non- Rom. Cath) and Jaws and
	between Gentiles (mostly Rom. Cath) and Jaws and Rom. Catholics To-day around 75-80° 10 is either Joush or D. The following schools are located within the church neighborhood: Rom. Cath.
	ADDRESS ADDRESS
	Filwood 13th and Oak Lane
0	Aside Rower 19 th and Haines
0	of lane Lowell 5th and Nedro
6	P-1
	in Oak Lane, This twell undoubtedly change somewhat. However the biggest push is now coming from Rom. Cuth. who find
	in Oak Lane, This well undoubtedly change somewhat - However
	the biggest push is now coming from nom cutte who (int)

. And along the series in many slots could never the positions ages lower commission of the same fact suffer the same fact above machines The state of the s went over 50% after www. 2, but now it is declining as Roman Catholics move in Coak cane

is very close to primary and secondary Rom.

UBLIC JUNIOR AND SENIOR HIGH SCHOOLS	ADDRESS
Wagner Jr. High	17th and Chelten
RIVATE OR PAROCHIAL NURSERY SCHOOLS	ADDRESS
Dorthea's Nursery School and Kindergarten	5846 N. Camac
St. Helena's Holy Angels (isth yo from 158th)	Sthand Godfrog 70th and Broad
Cardinal Dougherty (in Oak Lane)	2nd and Chelten
JUNIOR COLLEGES AND COLLEGES	ADDRESS
Thiladelphia College _ Of Optometry .	11th and Golfrey
*- within 1-3 bloc defined on K-1. All	ics of the area the action to the action to the action the action to the action to the action the action to

E. The following churches are located within the church neighborhood:

are located	within the church neighborhood:
GALLE OF CHURCH AND DENOMINATION	ADDRESS
cane cane paptist	12th and Oak Lan
Oak cane Presbyterian	117
- Bickley Memorial Make	4
- Vall Lane Mett. I.	12th and Cheltenhau
Vall lave Religered	7/-
Holy Trinity (R-C- Okranian Orthodox) 10th and Oak Lane
Okranian Orthodox	Hn and Medany
- Russian Orthodox	11th and 62th Ave
- St, Paul's Ev. Luthernan	3rd and Cheltenham
* St- Pauls Loth.	5918 5th St.
- St- Mark's Lutherin	Broad and Chelten
* Mt. Carmel Methodist	5909 N. Park Ase
* St. Helena's (R.C.)	5th and God from
* Holy Angels (R.C.)	70th and Broad
Control and the Control of Contro	
Synagogues	
Made can reached by the canal	
East Lane Temple * Congregation Temple Judea	1/th and Oak Lane
* Congregation Temple Judea	6925 N. Broad
Congregation Melrose B'nai Israel	2nd and Cheltenham
+ 1 h . H =	
* A haveth Israel	6755 No 16th St
- Congregation of Oak	
* Congregation Francel	York Rd and
A	Steaton Ave
* - within 1-3 Blocks	of the area
designated on K-1. All of	of the area the others are

III. HISTORY OF THE CONGREGATION

Please write out a short history of this congregation. How was the work started? Give the important dates and events.

residents of Summer of Some to discuss June 1888 worship service long walking 3 mino drive o Jordan Lane was The parish was never seidom was. arei it hit its Student aftractive were replaced in Oak Cane

residents. The parish suffered sorrowsly from parish factions from 1585-50. It was stabilized during For Garrett's time, However, in 1852'H lost its parish status, but regained it in 1955. Since 1955 there has been a slow but steady decline; people grow old and are forced to give up their large homes. Since www.2 there have been very few young people in the povish. Each year there are serious financial diffurthes, but by the grace of Gid St. Martine always squeezes by.

In May 1864 we began a parish re-vitalization program a we looked honestly at our bleak future, and we accepted The choices = either re-vitalize or die. St- Martin's has seldom had a missionary outlook, nor has it ever been active in diocesan affairs . We are taking steps to remedy these attitudes. We have formed lay-calling groups, revemped the women's work, and we intend to put move of an emphasis on worship, study and service to others, This program was enthusiastically received, but it has just be implemented. It is much too early to predict outcome. Perhaps bol will lead us to a new parish life, or the may oven feel that we should not exist as an independent parish we eagarly await the ostcome.

IV. THE

A.

LOCAL CONGREGATION
Church properties:
 Describe and give location of all land owned by the congregation, reporting the use of each parcel.
The Church, Parish House, the Rectory and
a Vacant Lot. Size is approx, 200 x 200
It is located on the S.W. corner of 10th and Oaklan
2. Type of church building: FrameBrickStone_Other(type)
Describe the church building, giving number of sittings; condition of building; and improvements needed, with estimated cost:
- The church seats around 175 in the paws - The condition of the building is fair
The condition of the building is fair
- The following improvements are needed =
water-proofing of the steeple, a new basement
floor, and the printing of the interior of the Church
water-proofing of the Steeple, a new wasement floor, and the printing of the interior of the Church The estimated cost for the above is approx # 5,000. Replacement Value \$ 125,000 Amount of insurance carried \$ 110,000
3. Type of parish hall or house: Attached;
In basement of the church /es; FrameBrick
StoneOther(type)
Describe, giving the number of rooms, the condition of the building, and improvements needed, with the estimated cost.
There is a large auditorium (seats 125),
and a large Lining hall (sents 130). There is
a small office which is used also as a
sucristy, and an average sized church school
class room. In addition, there is a large
pre-school classrom in the basement. (Improvement and costs are included in #260
Improvement and costs are included in take

Replacement value \$_

Describe, giving the number of rooms, the condition of this building, and improvements nesded, with estimated cost. The Rectory has 15 rooms 3 if is in good condition 4 the Rectory could use storm and out which would cost roughly \$50. Is it used as a clergy residence? Yet If not, what use is made of the building? Replacement value: \$30,000 Insurance carried: \$ # - Ans is matuded in the most of ated on the figure of construction; (b) number of rooms; (c) condition; (d) improvements needed and estimated cost; (e) replacement value; (f) amount of insurance carried; and (g) present use. There are note begand those fact have been already cifed.		pe of rectory or clergy house: AttachedSeparated;
Describe, giving the number of rooms, the condition of this building, and improvements needed, with estimated cost. The Rectory has 15 rooms of 15 in and 16 in and 1	. Ty	Pe of rectory of class of Other
The Rectory has 15 rooms in it is in and and and and and and and and and an		
the building? Replacement value: \$30,000 Insurance carried: \$ \$\frac{\pi}{\pi} = \frac{\pi}{\pi} = \	D:	ad improvements needed, with estimated cost.
the building? Replacement value: \$ 30,000 Insurance carried: \$ ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **		The Rectory has 15 rooms 3/17 13 cm
the building? Replacement value: \$ 30,000 Insurance carried: \$ ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	90	od condition + The Rectory could be
the building? Replacement value: \$ 30,000 Insurance carried: \$ ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	ai	adows which would cost roughly soo,
(a) type of construction; (b) number of rooms; (c) condition; (d) improvements needed and estimated cost; (e) replacement value; (f) amount of insurance carried; and (g) present use.	I	s it used as a clergy residence.
(a) type of construction; (b) number of rooms; (c) condition; (d) improvements needed and estimated cost; (e) replacement value; (f) amount of insurance carried; and (g) present use.		
		(a) type of construction; (b) number of rooms; (c) condition; (a) type of construction; (b) number of rooms; (c) replacement value;
There are none pegon , man that have been already cited.		
That have been arready expenses	_	There are none pegon ited
		that have been arrendy enter

в.	Men	mbership (secure from parish records):	
	1.	Number of church families: Total number 49	
		Number of individuals not in families 45	
	2.	Baptized membership Communicants Church School	
		1950 1960 Now 1950 1960 Now 1950 1960 Now	
		24/ 193 140 159 180 130 16 45 25	-
	3.	Number of baptized members ago ago ago ago year who were removed from the parish list	
		Number of baptized members who were added to the parish list 3 / 2	3
	4.	Communicants added: By confirmation from Episcopal families **E O ******* **E O ****** **E O ****** **E O ****** **E O ****** **E O ***** **E O **** **E O *** **E O **** **E O *** **E O ** **E O **	5
		By confirmation from O / O O)
		By reception from other O 2 0 0	
		By baptism and confirmation from no church	>
		Total	1
	5.	Attendance:	
		Number of communicants who attended regularly last year	3
		Number of communicants who attended occasionally	
		Number who did not attend last year, but lived in the community	?
		Number of communicants who did not live in the community, approx. 6 but were on the parish records, not transferred	
	6.	How many persons attended the last annual business meeting?	5

V. WORSHIP

Holy Communian Box 2 8 25 Morning Prayer and 9:30 an 17 2 7 3 5 Church School Holy Communian (1st) Holy Communian (1st) Weekday services: DAY AND HOUR IOW AVERAGE HIGH Holy Communian Wed - 18 an 9 14 28 Caround Spiritual Holy Communian Wed - 18 an 9 14 28 Caround 2 50 refuse Wise figures from the Church Service Register C. Special services or missions held during the average year (including the services of the church Service Register) C. Special services or missions held during the average year (including the congregation participated with other Episcopal congregations. State average attendance from this congregation: None	75
Hely Communicated // am 28 46 9 Morning Prayer (2nd) *Use figures from Church Service Register B. Weekday services: ATTENDANCE* YPE OF SERVICE DAY AND HOUR LOW AVERAGE HIGH Holy Communicate Wed - 10am 9 14 23 and Sprintial Healing - This service often precedes an acceptance of the precedes an acceptance of the precedes an acceptance of the communication of the Church Service Register C. Special services or missions held during the average year (including the church Service Registers) D. Number and nature of services in which this congregation participate with other Episcopal congregations. State average attendance from this congregation:	SH S
Hely Communication // and 28 46 9 Morning Prayer (2nd) *Use figures from Church Service Register B. Weekday services: ATTENDANCE* YPE OF SERVICE DAY AND HOUR LOW AVERAGE HIGH Holy Communicat Wed - 10am 9 14 23 and Spiritual Healing - This service often precedes an acceptance of the precedes an acceptance of the precedes and acceptance of the service Register C. Special services or missions held during the average year (including the church Service Registers) D. Number and nature of services in which this congregation participate with other Episcopal congregations. State average attendance from this congregation:	SH S
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B. Weekday services: ATTENDANCE* ATTENDANCE* ATTENDANCE* AVERAGE HIGH Holy Communion Wed-18am 9 14 25 and Spiritual Healing This service of ten precedes an action of the church Service Register Caromal 25 Holy Communion Besk Days 7 3 5 Wise figures from the Church Service Register C. Special services or missions held during the average year (including the services) Program D. Number and nature of services in which this congregation participate with other Episcopal congregations. State average attendance from this congregation:	SH S
Pre of Service DAY AND HOUR ATTENDANCE* HIGH Holy Communion Wed - 10am 9 14 25 and Spiritual Heating - This service often precedes an act Caround 25 times a year) Holy Communion Book Day's Z 3 5 *Use figures from the Church Service Register C. Special services or missions held during the average year (including the services) D. Number and nature of services in which this congregation participate with other Episcopal congregations. State average attendance from this congregation:	3
Holy Communion Wed-18am 9 14 25 and Spirehal Healing - This service often precedes an act (around 25 +times a year) Holy Communion Book Days Z 3 5 *Use figures from the Church Service Register C. Special services or missions held during the average year (including the services) Thristmas Program D. Number and nature of services in which this congregation participat with other Episcopal congregations. State average attendance from this congregation:	25 adu
D. Number and nature of services in which this congregation participat with other Episcopal congregations. State average attendance from this congregation:	adi
Holy Communian Bosk Days Z 3 5 *Use figures from the Church Service Register C. Special services or missions held during the average year (including the services) D. Number and nature of services in which this congregation participate with other Episcopal congregations. State average attendance from this congregation:	
Holy Communian Book Day's Z 3 5 *Use figures from the Church Service Register C. Special services or missions held during the average year (including the services) Program D. Number and nature of services in which this congregation participate with other Episcopal congregations. State average attendance from this congregation:	
Thristmas Program D. Number and nature of services in which this congregation participat with other Episcopal congregations. State average attendance from this congregation:	5
D. Number and nature of services in which this congregation participat with other Episcopal congregations. State average attendance from this congregation:	ster
D. Number and nature of services in which this congregation participat with other Episcopal congregations. State average attendance from this congregation:	iding
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with other Episcopal congregations. State average attendance from this congregation:	
with other Episcopal congregations. State average attendance from this congregation:	
with other Episcopal congregations. State average attendance from this congregation:	
None	
엄마나 되는 그 아니아 아내는 아무리를 하는데 이번 사이 사이에 살아 나왔다. 이 사람들은 살아나 살아	

b.	We,	row h	ave	a	full	Prayer	Book	
Se	rvice	at	9:30	of an	on	Sunday	1 >	
						V		
-								
	-							
Add	ditional :	informati	on about	Sunday s	ervices:			y
1.	Are bir	thdays, a	nniversar	ies, and	the depa	rted regular	y remembered	? 1
		00-	e on hoen	itality	hour afte	r any camping	? No- one	40
2.	Is ther	e a corre						

VI. CHRISTIAN EDUCATION

A. Church School

1.	Registration and attendance
	a. Teachers and staff
	b. Students 25
	Total 30
	c. Lowest total classroom attendance during the past year _/3
	d. Highest total classroom attendance during the past year (except for Christmas and Easter) 24
	e. Are absentee cards used? No - we intend to use them
	f. How many months of the year is the church school in operation?
	g. If teachers call on students in case of absence, or for other reasons, please give details. They don't call.
	This is something we are frying to remon
	this year - After 2 absences - a post in
2.	this year - After 2 absences - a post ca Worship schedule After 8 absences - a phone
CLASS OR DE	PARTMENT DAY HOUR DURATION LEADER
A11 ;	the children
come in	to Church at
9:30.	The Pre-School
and Pr	rimary Children
le ave	after 10 min .

3. Instruction schedule

	3. Instru	ction schedu	Te					COURSE
	CLASS	REGISTRATIO	N AGE	SEX	DAY	HOUR	DURATION	MATERIAL
	Bylday por	5	10-12	mid	Fri	4:3	o the	BISIR Study
	Class		grs	t.				and discussing
					_			
2	unday				-			
	Pre-School	7 4	3-5	malo	Sun.	9130	45 min	Morehouse
		1		and	7	1	45 min	Barlow-
	Primary			1	+	+	Name and Advanced Advanced Post Office and Publishers	Seabory Smull
	1 ntermed	-	8-11	from	le	+		Stabory School
	Jr, High	5	12-14	ter	1	_	CAST AND	Seasury
	Sr. High	5	15-18	<u>\</u>	1	V	35 min	Descussion-in with adult dass
					_		-	with addit
	-		_					
				-	_			
			_					
				-	_			
				_	_	-		
					-			
)			-	**********		***		
		-	-	-	Marallina ar-an-	-		

4. List the teaching	g aids used, including au	dio-visual material.
The training	is mostly do	one on a personal
level, by usin	ig the Seabur	y Training Maneral
as a gointe	,	7
	gram for pre-school child	
	ts of worshi	
stories, h	and - work a	nd some games
6. Data on the teach		
a. How are teach	ers recruited? This	is done by
the Rector		
b. Describe the number of ses	way in which teachers ar sions, the leaders, etc.	e trained, giving the
		Cector Loes all of
	in around S	
Q. How and tooch	tome aggisted in the	
	ers assisted in the perf	sonal consultations
on a month	y basas . 7	his coming year
there will be	monthly team	her's meetings.
d. Summary of te	eachers' backgrounds	
AGE Number	EDUCATION Number	YEARS TEACHING Number
19 years or less 2	Grade school	one
20 to 29	Junior high	two
30 to 39	Senior high	three
40 to 49 3	1 to 3 years College	four Z five Z
50 years or more	College grad. 1	five Z
	Graduate study	6 to 10
Male		11 to 20
Female	K-12	20 and over

	The chiel
7.	What problems does the church school have? The chief
blem	is the shortage of students. This has a
epres	is the shortage of students. This has a ssing effect upon the teachers, and
St	ifles creativity.
	tion Church School NOT HELD
1.	When is it held?
2.	For how long each day?
3.	What type of courses are taught?
4.	How many children attend, usually?
5.	How many of these children are regular pupils of this congregation's
	church school?
6.	How many teachers are there?
. Rel	eased Time Program NOT HELD
	When are classes held?
2.	What type of courses are taught?
3.	How many of this congregation's children attend?
4.	What is the relationship of the teachers to this congregation?
5.	What is the relationship of the Released Time classes to t Christian education program of this congregation?
	education program of only sound and
D D	y School: If the congregation has a day school, please fill out the
Pa:	rochial School Report Form and submit it with this report.
	NONE
	St Vaca 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 3. 4. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 6. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7

E.	Conf	irmation Instruction
	1.	Children
		a. What is the usual age of confirmation? 12 b. How many
		instruction sessions are held? 19 c. How long is each session?
		Rector what material is
		used? No printed material - The Rector Loes pattern the sessions after the offices of the What is the relationship of the confirmation class material Instruction
		the sessions after the officers
		f. What is the relationship of the confirmation class material
		The Confirmation classes, are morn me
	2.	The Confirmation classes are much more Adults
		a. How many sessions are held? 12 b. How long is each session?
		I ha c. Who is the instructor? <u>Rector</u> d. What
		material is used? 6 wks of Bible Study
F.		material is used? 6 wks of Bible Study ult Education 6 arks of the themes covered by the Offices of Instruction List the general adult education program in the congregation,
	1.	List the general adult education program in the congregation, including Bible classes, parents' classes, discussion groups, etc.
		NUMBER OF LENGTH OF

NAME OF GROUP	NUMBER OF MEMBERS	NUMBER OF MEETINGS	LENGTH OF MEETINGS	INSTRUCTOR
Morning group Evening group	8	15	13 hra	Rector
Sunday Morning Adult Class	5	25	35 min	Redor

 What Retreats, missions, Quiet Days, etc., have the members participated in during the last two years? Estimate the total number of participants.
There has been I quiet day, held
In June 1964 your tirst De are planning to
hold 1-2 per year.
3. What leader- and participant-training programs have been held in the last two years, such as the Indiana Plan, Parish Life Conferences, Missions, and Institutes? Estimate the total number of participants.
None
G. How can the Christian education program of this congregation be strengthened
(1) More emphasis has to be placed on
the children who do come, and less on
the children who do not come.
(2) After the above, there must be
an active calling program to involve
our own members and also to procure
new ones.

II.	com	MARY OF ORGANIZATIONS - Include mittee, parish council, choirs, as well as boys), college work,	guilds, circles,	ushers, acolyt	es (for
	Α.	For Women			
		1. Give the total number of ac	dult women in the	congregation.	X6
		2. Give the number of organiza			
		3. Give the total active members	ership of all the	se organization	s. <u>35</u>
	В.	For Men			
		1. Give the total number of ac	dult men in the c	ongregation	28
		2. Give the number of organiza	ations for adult	men. /	
		3. Give the total membership	of all these orga	nizations.	0
	C.	For Men and Women			
		1. Give the number of organiz			and the same of th
		2. Give the total active memb	ership of all the	ese organization	is. 35
	D.	For Girls in:	grade school	junior high	high school
		1. Total number of girls	_8_	2	
		2. Number of organizations			
		3. Total active membership			Access divisions
	E.	For Boys in:	grade school	junior high	high school
		1. Total number of boys	3_	3	6
		2. Number of organizations	多		_/
		3. Total active membership			6
	F.	For Youth in:	grade school	junior high	high school
		1. Number of organizations			
		2. Total active membership			5

N.B. Please make a separate report for each individual organization, using the format on the following pages.

111.	OR SHARE	ORT FOR INDIVIDUAL ORGANIZATION
	A.	Name Nomen of St. Martin's
		Total active members 30 Average attendance at meetings 15
		Number of meetings each month Day and time of meetings at 8pm
	B.	Why does this organization exist?
		Traditionally, this group has been a money mater
		It contributes over 1,500 per you toward parish support
	-	It provides a place for Christian fellowship, and it
	c.	It provides a place for Christian fellowship, and it from what group in the congregation are the members drawn?
		Every female in the parish (17 up) is eligible
	D.	Describe the worship and the educational program.
		There are prayers at each meeting.
		On around 25 wed morning the women attend
		the adult classes . This coming year we hope to
	E.	the adult classes. This coming year we hope to have many visiting speakers. Describe the other activities of the organization.
		The women work on a variety of
		missionary projects, social trips, rummage
		sales saperal dinners and luncheons.
	F.	What are the major opportunities and problems of this organization?
		It is an excellent place to involve new
		members, and it provides Christian opportunities
		for the older members - The major Sittiguite
C	₹. °	for the older members The major Sifficulty sextending beyond a leave group - The biggest problem what can be done for greater effectiveness? Is old to F
		we are aftempting to have more of an educational
		We are afterpting to have more of an educational flavor, with less emphasis on ourselves and more
		on the missionary fast of the Church-
igne	a b	r: CEstelle Messemer Title: President 1964-65

Number of meetings each month Day and time of meetings B. Why does this organization exist? Son the altargood, so no meetings to the working of food, and to deepen the sense of working the members drawn? C. From what group in the congregation are the members drawn? Members are elected on the bases of interest of the members are to work to the members of the members are the members of the members of the working and the educational program. regular in afterds to gray before they handle eligible The members are taught and interest as to gray before they handle eligible. The sacred vessels. E. Describe the other activities of the organization. The major opportunity is to provide a deeper vade standing of the worship services of the Church. The which problem is the shart of the Church. The which problem is the shart of the church of members we place to resume the members are the two resumes the members are the two resumes the members are resumed to resume the resumed to resume t	A.	Name Altar Goild
B. Why does this organization exists 2 Ontil recordly there were on meetings were held. It exists to assist in the worship of God, and to deepen the sense of worship. C. From what group in the dongregation are the members drawn? Members are selected on the basis of interest in the worship and the educational program. regular in a steady to pray before they handle eligible. The members are taught and interest is to group before they handle eligible. The sacred vessels. E. Describe the other activities of the organization. F. What are the major opportunities and problems of this organization? The major opportunity is to provide a deeper understanding of the worship services of the Church. The worship services of the Church. The worship services of the Church. The worship services of the church activities of members. G. What can be done for greater effectiveness? We need more members we plant to resume the members we plant to resume bi-monthly meetings.		Total active members Average attendance at meetings
B. Why does this organization exists Contil recently there were an exist on the altarguily, so no meetings were held. It exists to assist in the worship of food and to seepen the sease of worship of food and to seepen the sease of worship of the church - the members drawn? Members are excluded in the bases of interest in the worship and the educational program. regular in a steady to gray before they handle eligible the sacred vessels. E. Describe the other activities of the organization. F. What are the major opportunities and problems of this organization? The major opportunity is to provide a deeper understanding of the worship services of the Church. The worship services of the Church. The worship services of the Church. The worship services of the church woment of the share of the major opportunity is to provide a deeper understanding of the worship services of the Church. The worship services of the church woment of members — Since we now have a members we plant to resume the now have a members we plant to resume the members are the worship to the total to the the members are the worship to the total to the total to the total to the members are the worship to the total total to the total tot		Number of meetings each month Day and time of meetings
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C. From what group in the congregation are the members of worship Members are relected on the bases of interest of the worship and the educational program. regular in affects to pray before they handle religible The sacred vessels. E. Describe the other activities of the organization. F. What are the major opportunities and problems of this organization? The major opportunity is to provide a despect understanding of the worship services of the Church. The heef problems the short of the short of the can be done for greater effectiveness? We need more members we place to result of the sound of the short of the short of the short of the sound of the short o		meetings were held-
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The nembers are taught and interest as to gray before they handle eligible the sacred vessels. E. Describe the other activities of the organization. The major opportunity is to provide a deeper understanding of the waship services of the Church. The waship services of the Church. The whief problems the shand. G. What can be done for greater effectiveness? We need more members— Since we now have a members we place to resume bi-morthly meetings.	D.	Describe the worship and the educational program. regular in aftenda
The sacred vessels. E. Describe the other activities of the organization. F. What are the major opportunities and problems of this organization? The major opportunity is to provide a deeper understanding of the waship services of the Church. The waship services of the Church. The whief problem is the shart of interested women. G. What can be done for greater effectiveness? We need more members we place to resume the problem is the shart of more we now have a members we place to resume the problem is the shart of members we place to resume the problem is the shart of members we place the problem is the place to resume the problem is the shart of the share the problem is the share the problem is the share the problem.		The newsers are taught and interest as
E. Describe the other activities of the organization. F. What are the major opportunities and problems of this organization? The major opportunity is to provide a deeper understanding of the worship services of the Church. The whief problem is the share of major opportunity of members. G. What can be done for greater effectiveness? We need more members we plant to resume bi-morthly meetings—		
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F. What are the major opportunities and problems of this organization? The major opportunity is to provide a deeper understanding of the waship services of the Church. The which problems the shirt of interested women. G. What can be done for greater effectiveness? We need more members we plant to resume bi-morthly meetings.		
F. What are the major opportunities and problems of this organization? The major opportunity is to provide a deeper understanding of the worship services of the Church. The chief problem is the share G. What can be done for greater effectiveness? We need more members— Since we now have a members we place to resume bi-morthly meetings—	E.	
F. What are the major opportunities and problems of this organization? The major opportunity is to provide a deeper understanding of the worship services of the Church. The chief problem is the short of interested woment. G. What can be done for greater effectiveness? We need more members we plant to resume how have a members we plant to resume bi-monthly meetings—	۵.	
The major opportunity is to provide a deeper understanding of the worship services of the Church. The chief problem is the short of interested woment— G. What can be done for greater effectiveness? We need more members— Since we now have a members we plane to resume bi—monthly meetings—		- 100ne
The major opportunity is to provide a deeper understanding of the worship services of the Church. The chief problem is the short of interested woment— G. What can be done for greater effectiveness? We need more members— Since we now have a members we plane to resume bi—monthly meetings—		
The major opportunity is to provide a deeper understanding of the worship services of the Church. The chief problem is the short of interested woment— What can be done for greater effectiveness? We need more members— Since we now have a members we place to resume bi—monthly meetings—		
The major opportunity is to provide a deeper understanding of the worship services of the Church. The chief problem is the show of interested woment— What can be done for greater effectiveness? We need more members— Since we now have a members we plant to vesume bi—monthly meetings—		
deeper understanding of the worship services of the Church. The chief problem is the short of interested women- What can be done for greater effectiveness? We need more members Since we now have a members we plan to resume bi-monthly meetings—	F.	What are the major opportunities and problems of this organization?
deeper understanding of the worship services of the Church. The chief problem is the short of interested woment- G. What can be done for greater effectiveness? We need more members Since we now have a members we plan to resume bi-monthly meetings—		The major operation to to provide a
G. What can be done for greater effectiveness? We need more members Since we now have 6 members we plan to resume bi-monthly meetings—		The state of the s
G. What can be done for greater effectiveness? We need more members Since we now have 6 members we plan to resume bi-monthly meetings—		steper understanding of the worship services
G. What can be done for greater effectiveness? We need more members Since we now have 6 members we plan to resume bi-monthly meetings—		of the Church. The chief problem is the show
Since we now have 6 members we plant to resume bi-monthly meetings	_	of interested women-
to resume bi-monthly meetings-	G.	what can be done for greater effectiveness?
to resume bi-monthly meetings-		
to resume bi-monthly meetings-		we need more members
igned by: Desertiness 1968-6		
igned by: Devertiness 1968-6		Since we now have 6 members we plan
		to resume bi-monthly meetings-

VIII. REPORT FOR INDIVIDUAL ORGANIZATION

VIII.	REP	ORT FOR INDIVIDUAL ORGANIZATION
	A.	Name Parish Council
		Total active members 25 Average attendance at meetings 22
		Number of meetings each month 2 to 3 Page . Day and time of meetings 5 at 12
	B.	Why does this organization exist?
		Its primary function is to co-ordinate
		work and iteas, and to improve the
	c.	co-operation between the women of St-Martin's and the Vestry It also plans pavish programs. From what group in the congregation are the members drawn?
		The members of the Vestry afficers of the women's
	D. 8	The members of the Vestry, officers of the women's roup and Altat Build, a 3 lay delegates - at - large Describe the worship and the educational program.
		There is no set program - However,
		a worship service, either 5 min of
		prayers or Holy Communion, precedes the meeting-
	E.	Describe the other activities of the organization.
		It is our primary planning group.
		They have worked on the Stewardship
		program, lan -calling, missionary endeavors, etc.
	F.	What are the major opportunities and problems of this organization?
		The major opportunity is to give a definitive program to the parish . Its chief
		definitive program to the parish . It's chief
		problem is the excessive rivalry between the men
	G.	What can be done for greater effectiveness?
		- Since the organization is only
		Since the organization is only 1 yr old, we are still feeling our way. I wish we know the answer to this greation.
Sign	ned 1	by: Maranelli Title: Rector

	A.	Name Acolytes
		Total active members 6 Average attendance at meetings
		Number of meetings each month Day and time of meetings
	В.	Why does this organization exist? **Ro Specific time**
		To fulfil the true function
		of an acolate = to idvolve our youth
		of an acolyte = to idvolve our youth
	С.	From what group in the congregation are the members drawn?
		All Boys who have been confirmed.
		Describe the worship and the educational program.
		We hold a study and planning
		meeting around once a month.
		Our study is based on the Prayer Book
	E.	Describe the other activities of the organization.
		None
	F.	What are the major opportunities and problems of this organization?
		get young men to become concious
		of the true nature of worship The chie
	G.	of the true nature of worship - The chief what can be done for greater effectiveness?
		and cannot give a good answer-
		y: Wester Title: Rector
)	Signed b	Title:
	411	Acolyte training is done by the Roctor, e scheduling is Lone by a layman.
	but th	e scheduling is done by a lagman.

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VIII. REPORT FOR INDIVIDUAL ORGANIZATION

VIII. REPORT FOR INDIVIDUAL ORGANIZATION

Α.	Name Choir
	Total active members / O Average attendance at meetings / O
	Number of meetings each month Day and time of meetings Thurs Why does this organization exist?
В.	
	- To provide liturgical music as an
	To provide liturgical music as an
c.	From what group in the congregation are the members drawn?
	No particular group; any adult member Describe the worship and the educational program. is eligible
D.	
	- Mere is no special program -
	Howevery our chairmenters are a
E.	very faithful group.
E.	the organization.
	There are none
F.	What are the major opportunities and
	What are the major opportunities and problems of this organization?
	It's major opportunity is to provide good music to assist in the worship of old and
	to aid congregational partiet to
G.	Seves as a great holo to members of what can be done for greater effectiveness?
	problem as the parish in general, luck
	of new and younger members.
gned b	
	y: Moris O Bradbury Title: Organist and Chairmosto

IX. CLERGY OR LAY READERS IN CHARGE SINCE 1930

NAME all cleryy AT START OF MINISTRY HERE Liewellyn N. Caley G 1921-32 died at St. Mar. Percy 6. Hall 35 1932-92 Army Chaptainey Cyrus L. Heron 36 1943-50 Holy Trinity Ne Edward A Govrett, 27 1950-54 St. Andrews, Lewiston Charles B. March 38 1954-8 St. Matthias, Ph. Milton S. Leber 31 1959-62 Church of the Epiph Terman J. Faramelli 30 1163- A. Does the present minister live in the neighborhood? Yes Does he give full time to this church? Yes If not, what other church does he serve, or what other work does he do? B. How many people from this parish have gone into full time work for the church within the past ten years, or are now studying for such work? No Please give details.		APPROX. AGE AT START OF	DEPLICE OF	
Cyrus L. Heron 36 1943-50 Holy Trinity Ne Edward A. Govrett, 27 1950-54 St. Andrews, Lewiston Charles B. March 38 1954-8 St. Matthias, Ph. Milton S. Leber 31 1959-62 Church of the Epiph. Germantown Morman J. Faramelli 30 1863- A. Does the present minister live in the neighborhood? Yes Does he give full time to this church? Yes If not, what other church does he serve, or what other work does he do? B. How many people from this parish have gone into full time work for the church within the past ten years, or are now studying for such work? Ne Please give details.	NAME	all chergy MINISTRY HERE	PERIOD OF TENURE	MOVED TO:
Cyrus L. Heron 36 1943-50 Holy Trinity Ne Edward A. Govrett, 27 1950-54 St. Andrews, Lewiston Charles B. March 38 1954-8 St. Matthias, Ph. Milton S. Leber 31 1959-62 Church of the Epiph. Germantown Morman J. Faramelli 30 1863- A. Does the present minister live in the neighborhood? Yes Does he give full time to this church? Yes If not, what other church does he serve, or what other work does he do? B. How many people from this parish have gone into full time work for the church within the past ten years, or are now studying for such work? Ne Please give details.	Lleu	vellyn N. Caley 61	1921-32	fied at St. Martin
Cyrus L. Heron 36 1943-50 Holy Trinity, N. Edward A. Govrett, 27 1950-54 St. Andrews, Lewiston Charles B. March 38 1959-62 Church of the Epiph. Milton S. Leber 31 1959-62 Church of the Epiph. Germantown Normen J. Faramelli 30 1963- A. Does the present minister live in the neighborhood? Yes Does he give full time to this church? Yes If not, what other church (endoes he serve, or what other work does he do? B. How many people from this parish have gone into full time work for the church within the past ten years, or are now studying for such work? No Please give details.	Perce	6. Italy 35		
Charles B. March 38 Charles B. March 38 Milton S. Leber 31 A. Does the present minister live in the neighborhood? Does he give full time to this church? Yes If not, what other church does he serve, or what other work does he do? B. How many people from this parish have gone into full time work for the church within the past ten years, or are now studying for such work? Morman J. Faramelli 30 Do any lay readers from this congregation serve other congregations?	Cyri	is L. Heron 36	1943-50	Holy Trimty , N. Y
Charles B. March 38 Milton S. Leber 31 1959-62 Church of the Epiph. Germantown Norman J. Faramelli 30 1863- A. Does the present minister live in the neighborhood? Yes Does he give full time to this church? Yes If not, what other church(endoes he serve, or what other work does he do? B. How many people from this parish have gone into full time work for the church within the past ten years, or are now studying for such work? Please give details. C. How many licensed lay readers serve the congregation now? Do any lay readers from this congregation serve other congregations?	Edu	ward A. Garrett, 27		
Mormon Scheber 1959-62 Church of the Epiphology Norman J. Faramelli A. Does the present minister live in the neighborhood? Does he give full time to this church? Yes If not, what other church(endoes he serve, or what other work does he do? B. How many people from this parish have gone into full time work for the church within the past ten years, or are now studying for such work? Please give details. C. How many licensed lay readers serve the congregation now? Do any lay readers from this congregation serve other congregations?	Char	les B. March 38	1954-8	St. Matthias, Phile
A. Does the present minister live in the neighborhood? Does he give full time to this church? Yes If not, what other church(endoes he serve, or what other work does he do? B. How many people from this parish have gone into full time work for the church within the past ten years, or are now studying for such work? Please give details. C. How many licensed lay readers serve the congregation now?	MI	Iton Scheber 31	1959-62	Church of the Epiphan
A. Does the present minister live in the neighborhood? Does he give full time to this church? Does he serve, or what other work does he do? B. How many people from this parish have gone into full time work for the church within the past ten years, or are now studying for such work? Please give details. C. How many licensed lay readers serve the congregation now? Do any lay readers from this congregation serve other congregations?				Germantown
B. How many people from this parish have gone into full time work for the church within the past ten years, or are now studying for such work? C. How many licensed lay readers serve the congregation now? Do any lay readers from this congregation serve other congregations?	Norm	rond. Faramelli 30	1863-	
B. How many people from this parish have gone into full time work for the church within the past ten years, or are now studying for such work? C. How many licensed lay readers serve the congregation now? Do any lay readers from this congregation serve other congregations?				
B. How many people from this parish have gone into full time work for the church within the past ten years, or are now studying for such work? C. How many licensed lay readers serve the congregation now? Do any lay readers from this congregation serve other congregations?	Α.	Does the present minister live :	in the neighborh	ood? Yes
B. How many people from this parish have gone into full time work for the church within the past ten years, or are now studying for such work? Please give details. C. How many licensed lay readers serve the congregation now? Do any lay readers from this congregation serve other congregations?		Does he give full time to this	church? Yes I	f not about the about 1 ()
C. How many licensed lay readers serve the congregation now? Do any lay readers from this congregation serve other congregations?		does he serve, or what other won	rk does he do?	not, what other church(es)
C. How many licensed lay readers serve the congregation now? Do any lay readers from this congregation serve other congregations?				
C. How many licensed lay readers serve the congregation now? Do any lay readers from this congregation serve other congregations?				
C. How many licensed lay readers serve the congregation now? Do any lay readers from this congregation serve other congregations?				
C. How many licensed lay readers serve the congregation now? Do any lay readers from this congregation serve other congregations?	В.	How many people from this parish	have gone into	£
C. How many licensed lay readers serve the congregation now?		charch within the past ten years	or are now stu	adying for such work? Vone
Do any lay readers from this congregation serve other congregations? N		110d36 Sive details.		
Do any lay readers from this congregation serve other congregations? N				
Do any lay readers from this congregation serve other congregations? N				The state of the s
Do any lay readers from this congregation serve other congregations? N				
	С.	How many licensed lay readers se	rve the congrega	tion now? 3
If so, which congregations		Do any lay readers from this con	gregation serve	other congregations? No
		If so, which congregations		
			1	And the state of t

A. Income (Last Full Year): (1) Pledges \$ \$ 387 (2) Plate offerings \$ 865 (3) Parish or

(5) Special 129.00 mission organizations \$ 2,286. (4) Endowments \$ fund drives \$ 1528 (6) Other (please specify) \$ An com

from Incestments

B. Disbursements	1940	1945	1950	1955	1960	Last Full Year
Total current expenses	47,131.	2425	8,605	8,238	9,825	9.036
Diocesan Assessment	\$ 266.	262.	52,	2.10,	220	SKC.
Missionary Disbursements	\$ 667.	208	229.	588,	608.	600
Special parish expense	\$ 1232.	1250	651.	2,130	2,306	1.068
Clergy salary or salaries: from congregation	3) 3,726	2,400	2300	400	4,300	4.600
	63,720	2,400		400	4300	4,600
from other sources	a)(a)	way of the	7	Jumo A	Mang	None
Rental value of the rectory	\$ argyon \$	Store				

Nethod of repayment

Amount of debt \$

Is the church in debt? No

Finance (cont	t'd)
---------------	-----	---

7	. Is a thorough Every Member Canvass conducted each year?
	If yes, by mail or personal solicitation?Describe the
	training of the canvassers. The first canvass
· ·	11. Oct 1963 0
8.	What other means of fund
	raising or stewardship education are used?
	- Annual garish Linner in hew of the baroon - Stewardship Linners -
	Letters and notices.
9.	
	support?
10.	commends of information on finances:
	The parish owns voughly \$5,000 of
	The parish owns roughly \$5,000 of Stocks In Sept 1963 St. Martin's was also left \$5000 in a will but the vel:
	was also left \$ 5000 in a will but the
Tra	vel: has not been settled.
1.	Does the priest have a car? Yes
2.	By whom is the car purchased? PriestCongregationDiocese
3.	How much is the annual operating expense of the car, omitting deprecia-
	tion? \$ 1,100 4. By whom is the operating expense roid?
	By the priest - the parish provides a 300 How much does the local congregation pay? 2300
5.	How much does the local congregation pay? 2 Car allowance.
6.	Average number of miles traveled per month on church business 700-20
	(8,000 - 10,000 /gr)

XI. CHRISTIAN EVANCELISM AND VISITATION

A	Clergy	pastoral	calling	during	the	past	year	by	rector	or	vicar:*
---	--------	----------	---------	--------	-----	------	------	----	--------	----	---------

muni		CALLS PER WEEK	
TIPI	TYPE OF CALL LOW	AVERAGE HIGH	
1.	l. Family or routine parish	8 /3	
2.	2. Sick or emergency	3 6	
3.	3. Calls for other purposes	1 2	
4.	4. Time set aside for pastoral calling:		
	2-3 afte	nong per week	
5.	5. How do the clergy organize their parish of		
			10
	62 Parishing	c supen six	
	Routine parish on each parishine months.	20219 312	
	monghis		
6.	6. How do the clergy organize their calling		
	There is correct	ly no organiz	atra
	- There are some ra	indom calls on ne	w
7.	functies, and referrals from Parishioners and Time spent in pastoral counseling (average	riends ze hours per week) 12 h	u
	* Please give similar information, separately		
		, for other chergy.	
	Lay calling:	1/	
1.	1. Describe the Zone or Neighborhood Organiz		
	We are too small	for a zone or	
	We are too small neighborhood scheme	- However, we	are
	now formulating a	scheme -	
2.		itation, including the	
	As of now there	is none.	
	As of now there topefully this will	change very	
	Shortly		

		3.	gation's approach to newcomers and to the unchurched), giving the number of participants and the amount of time.
			Traditionally, the parish has not been
			very concerned with active evangelism-
			However, they give newcomers a very warm and sincere welcome. How are newcomers integrated into the life of this congregation?
		4.	
			The women are kneouraged to work
			in the women's group, while the men
			are asked to serve as ushers.
		5.	Describe any religious census of the area made by the congregation itself or with other churches during the last ten years.
			In Nov. 1953 here was the
			" Oak Lane Religious Census", done by
			the Phila. Council of Churches.
XII.			ICATIONS
	Α.	Wha	at use is made of the press? Advertising in the neighbor-
		h	at use is made of radio and/or television?
	В.	Wh	at use is made of radio and/or television?
		_	Some of our special functions are announced
	c.	Wh	Some of our special functions are announced at use is made of the U.S. Mail?
		_	There is a monthly parch newsletter- In additi
	D.	111	There is a monthly parch newsletter. In additional there are at least 15 letters sent out per year scribe the regular publications which are mailed or distributed, cluding Sunday bulletins, parish newsletters, etc.
			Monthly newsletter - The weekly
			Monthly newsletter - The weekly bulletins are mailed only on request-
	6		
	E.	Н	ow many church road signs are there?

XIII. NEIGHBORHOOD OR COMMUNITY	
A. Is this congregation community-minded?	
B. Describe the clergy participation in community affairs.	
The Rector works with an ambulance cosp	S,
The public schools , clergy groups and	-
Civil Rights groups.	_
C. Describe the participation of the congregation in community affairs.	
- Some of our parishioners take part	-
in community affairs. Most do no	57-
church-sponsored programs as Girl Scouts, Boy Scouts, etc.): None— We have announced to the community High and the community High and the community High and the community High announced to the	ty
that our facilities are available.	
E. List community organizations using the parish hall and its facilities:	
Local ministers and a	
community band.	
F. Describe the way in which the congregation cooperates with other religi	
At this time there is no co-opera	ation

PART	CICIPATION IN DIOCESAN AND NATIONAL CHURCH PROGRAMS:
Α.	What offices do the clergy hold in the diocese, missionary district, or
Nati	ional Church? Member of the Diocesan Departmen
-	of Christian Social Relations, Christian
E	
В.	ducation and chairman of Exploratory Committee on Church - State Relations - What offices do the lay people hold in the diocese, missionary district
	National Church? 1/0 ne
01 1	
-	
	and the emphasis on Theological Education and the Alaskan Earthquake
D.	Describe the men's participation in diocesan programs:
	There is a loose connection
	with the laymen's work.
E.	Describe the women's participation in diocesan programs:
	Onotes wand offering -
	Recently we appointed parishin
	to attend all necessary Diocesan and Describe fouth participation in diocesan programs:

G. Does this congregation pay its full Missionary Chare or Quota? No.

What percent of the congregation's budget does for missionary work?

XV. STAFF

N	ene		to	tle	Salar
Mr- Norm	an S.	Favamell	i k	Pector	\$14,600
Mr. Owe	n 7)ean	5	exton	8/1,20
Mrs. Ho	word	Bradl	20159	Occupis	1 A 600
			1	Organisi	
B. Describe the u	se of volu	nteer personn	el by this	s congregation	on.
TI	ius fo	ar in	157 v	pluntee	
nelp Schmid	hast	av mi worker	l wi	the tro	Churc

XVI. FUTURE POLICY, PROGRAM, AND BUDGET

Α.	In adopting a policy for an expanded program for this congregation, in order to vitalize its Christian witness to the community; to extend its outreach of Christian fellowship to all the unchurched; to increase initiative and responsibility for all members of the congregation; to develop local financial resources with a view towards self-
	support and parochial status (if not already attained); and to further other essential advances, what are the immediate needs as to:
	1. Personnel: Part - time secretary (2 day per)
	Will take the iniative for lay
	2. Buildings: Calling.
	we have ample space.
	However, some garts our building needs.
В.	What are the major opportunities that face this congregation?
	Our major opportunity is to overcome our
	statistics through the grace of the Holy Spirit.
c.	We have an apportunity to come alive and be the Church, and not be obsessed with self-perpetuation what are the major problems that face this congregation?
	We have 3 major ones: (1) the age of our
	congregation (2) oak cane is a non-growth area
D	(Our growth in 1963-64 (20 new communicants) is not satisfactory 3) the ingrown attitude of complaining and de fachment What program needs seem evident on the basis of this Study? from the
υ.	In general terms, we would rest of the Chard
	need a program that could overcome
	What would be the approximate capital cost to meet these needs?
E.	What would be the approximate capital cost to meet these needs?
	El Z500/yr. would help our operation . If we were
	Our major need is not financial ghouse, 2,500/yr. would help our operation a Zf we were to put our buildings in tip-top' shape, it would cost roughly \$20,000.
	and extra Church School insterial.

	F.	What would be the annual operating budget to maintain the program?
		we would need a buget of 17,000. This
	G.	What steps are now being taken locally to meet these needs and opportunities?
		Our approach is twofold = (1) More empha
		and planning of the Every Member Canvass
		and (2) nove emphasis on procuring
	Н.	What steps are now being taken by the diocese or district, or might be taken, to assist in meeting these needs and opportunities?
		De need more specific guidance.
		There are many Churches in the Diocese in
	I.	problems and arrive at motual solutions. Many of of Further data or comment on the general needs and problems of this parish congregation:
		In tight of the above (XVI H) we must mer
		consider the numerous parishes we have within
The	dat	5-10 mins of each other, For example, St-Martins has TEpscopul parishes within 5 min. of it. In any direction a in this report were furnished by the following committee: you can find
		NAME OCCUPATION NUMBER OF YEARS IN PARISH
	1	shn J- Sader, Jr. Advertizing P
		ohn N. Vincent Accountant 16
-		
-		
	**********	Aug. 10 .41.11
Date	e cor	mpleted: Aug 10, 1964

12-62



REPORTED MEMBERSHIP FROM MAPS

There were 199 persons located on the membership maps submitted by this congregation. They were identified as living in one census tract in Bucks County, eight census tracts in Montgomery County, 17 census tracts in the City of Philadelphia County, and five individuals were listed as living unlocated.

Census Tract 42-C which is south of the church location, contains the single largest grouping in the parish, 15.7%. Most members live in an elliptical circle around the church location with a preponderance to the east and south of the church location. There are no people reported living in Philadelphia in Census Tracts 50-B, 49-B, or 49-C.

Details of the membership distribution are to be found on the page that follows this discussion.

MEMBERSHIP DISTRIBUTION TABLE

PARISH PHILADELPHIA ST MARTINS

CENSUS TRACT OR AREA		NUMBER OF MAPPED MEMBERS	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL MAPPED MEMBERSHIP
B 16A		3	1 5
M 17B		1	5
M 19B	*	6	3 0
M 22A		3 3 6	1 5 1 5 3 0
M 22B		3	1 5
M 23			The state of the s
M 24B		8	4 0
M 52		1	5
M 4		4 2	20
15D		2	105
42A		1 2 31	1.0
4 2 B		7.1	1 0 1 5 7
4 2 C		31	
4 3 D		<u> </u>	4 0
49 A 49 D		5	2.5
5 O B	-	5	5 4 0 2 5 2 5
X 50C		28	142
50D		26	131
5 O F		3	15
5 O M		1	131
5 O N		20	101
500		1.8	101 91 20 10 10
56G		4	20
591		2	10
5 9 J		2	
UNLOCATED	1 1 1 1 1	5	8 5
		199	1000
		19 2	
			part of water
	1		



REPORTED MEMBERSHIP AND FINANCIAL DATA FROM JOURNALS

This portion of the Study concerns itself with statistics taken from the official pages of the Journals of the Diocese of Pennsylvania. Figures were gathered for every fifth year from 1940 through 1960, and for the next three consecutive years. Details of these Vital Statistics may be seen on a special chart that follows this discussion.

The baptized membership of the congregaton showed a declining pattern from a high in 1940. Between 1950 and 1960 the decline was -19.9%. The low point was in 1955. Since 1960 there has been a fluctuation up and down but the net result is a figure smaller than in 1960.

The number of communicants reported has followed a similar pattern. From a high of 346 communicants in 1940 the number declined steadily until 1955, and then rose to 180 by 1960. The increase between 1950 and 1960 was 13.2%. Since that time, however, there has been a decline to 149. Parish leaders may wish to add more recent figures to these statistics to determine whether or not the declining trend still continues.

The church school enrollment has shown a fluctuating pattern through the years. Its high was in 1940 and its low was in 1950. Since that time there has been a growth of 181.3% between 1950 and 1960. Since 1960 the church school has declined only slightly.

During the three years from 1961 through 1963 there were eight persons baptized and four persons presented for con-

firmation at St. Martin's Church. These figures represent 1.7% and 0.9% of the communicant strength. Such ratios are considerably lower than the diocesan averages of 3.9% and 4.1% and the national ratios of 5.5% and 5.8%. Such statistics speak to the need of developing the evangelistic, lay calling, and outreach programs of the parish. Many leaders across the church feel that a parish should maintain a ratio close to 5% in each category in order to grow consistently.

From 1961 through 1963, the total reported expenditures of this parish were \$34,781.00. Since 1960 the parochial expenses have remained approximately in the neighborhood of \$10,000.00 each year while the special parochial expenditures have fluctuated. Extra-parochial expenditures have shown an increasing pattern since 1950, which trend should be encouraged and magnified. A total of \$2,065.00 was spent for work outside of the local congregation during the three years under discussion. This figure is 5.9% of the total reported expenditures, and is less than half of the diocesan average of 14.9%.

Expenditures per communicant at St. Martin's Church during this three-year period were \$73.07 which compares favorably with the diocesan figure of \$73.71. Extraparochial expenditures per communicant amounted to \$4.34 in the parish and \$10.45 in the diocese. Once again the statistics point out the fact that the parish has the opportunity of increasing its contact and support of that which goes on outside of itself.

VITAL STATISTICS

PARISH ST. MARTIN TOWN DAKLANE

COUNTY PHILADELPHIA DIOCESE PENNSYLVANIA

	1940	1945	1950	1955	1960	1961	1962	1963
Baptized Members	396	256	241	158	193	194	164	167
Communicants	346	223	159	152	180	180	147	149
Church School	125	36	16	42	45	49	39	38
Baptisms	8	6	_	6	1	/	3	4
Percentage of Communicants	2,3	2.7	_	3.9	0.6	0.6	2.0	2.7
Confirmations	_	7	_	13	3	1	3	-
Percentage of Communicants	_	3.1		8.5	1.7	0.6	2.0	
Parochial Expenditures 1	5,633	5,585	5,372	8,452	10,046	9,787	8691	10.080
Special Par. Expenditures 2	1,675	1,110	3,290		2,306	1,525	987	1646
Extra-parochial Expenditures 3	699	727	381	589	609	621	708	736
Total Reported Expenditures	8,007	7,422	9,043	11,171	12,961	11,933	10,386	12,462
Expenditures per Communicant	23.14	33.28	56.87	73.49	72.01		70.65	
Extra-parochial Expenditures per Communicant	2.02	3.26	2.40	3.88	3.38	3.45	4.82	4.94

- 1 Includes clergy salary, current expense, pension premium, and Diocesan assessment.
- 2 Special parish purposes, including capital expenditures.
- 3 Includes Church's Program, special outside.



DATA ON THE CONGREGATION

There were only 101 persons recorded on the age/sex chart of the Episcopal Census submitted by St. Martin's Parish. This number is only 72% of the baptized membership of the congregation as reported in the Journal of the Diocese. The General Division of Research and Field Study regrets that this percentage is too low to give a valid picture of the congregation's characteristics. A minimum figure of 80% must be received before a valid analysis can be made. To work with less than this amount would be to draw conclusions from faulty data. In the case of St. Martin's Church the remaining 28% of unreported ages or characteristics might greatly alter any statistical analysis that will be made on the basis of the smaller figure. The following is an enumeration of the the materials submitted, but caution is urged that no incisive conclusions be drawn from these limited figures.

Of the 101 persons identified by age and sex, 40 were male and 61 were female. When considered in tenyear age groups, there were ten children under ten years of age, nine older children and teen-agers, five adults in their 20's, six adults in their 30's, 15 adults in their 40's, 17 adults in their 50's, ten adults in their 60's, and 29 adults 70 years of age and over.

Occupations were given by 118 persons, of which 35 were in a gainfully employed category. The number included eight pre-students, 23 students, 32 housewives, 20 retired persons, ten professional people, six managers, seven clerical workers, five sales workers, three craftsmen, two semi-skilled workers, one domestic worker, and one service worker.

Of 114 respondents, only one person said that he was not baptized and 29 said that they were not confirmed.

Length of membership in this congregation was given by 81 respondents including two who had been there 50 years or more, three from 40 to 50 years, seven from 30 to 40 years, three from 25 to 30 years, 11 from 20 to 25 years, seven from 15 to 20 years, 13 from 10 to 15 years, 15 from five to ten years, and 20 less than five years. This latter figure will, of course, include any children under five years of age.

The years of education completed by adults 25 years of age and over was requested and there were 82 replies. Eleven persons said that they were college graduates, 12 had attended from one to three years of college, 32 were high school graduates, 16 had attended high school, and 11 had an elementary education.

Of 112 respondents, 19 persons replied that they were born outside the State of Pennsylvania, and one of these was born outside of the United States.

Non-members of the Episcopal Church who live in parish homes were asked to list their present religious affiliation. They were 11 such answers including three Methodists, two Roman Catholics, and one each of the Baptists, Lutherans, Presbyterians, Friends, Christian Scientists, and Hebrew congregations.

Adults in the congregation were asked to give their nationality background and they were 80 respondents. 64 were Anglo-Saxon, ll were Northern European, two were Southern European, two were Russian or Slavic, and one was Spanish-American. There were no Negro people reported upon.



Present members of the Episcopal Church were asked to list a former religious affiliation if one existed. There were eight answers. Two were former Methodists, two Presbyterians, two Roman Catholics, one a United, and one a Friends.

There were 57 families or individuals who reported on the distance they lived from the church. Thirty-four were less than one mile away, nine were from one to two miles, six from two to three miles, one from three to four miles, and seven four miles or more. Travel time required to reach the church was given by 54 respondents including ten who needed less than ten minutes, 28 who required from ten to 20 minutes eight who needed from 20 to 30 minutes, and six who took 30 minutes or more to reach the church.

Of 51 respondents, 33 replied that they lived in homes which they owned themselves. There were 52 types of dwellings reported on including 37 single-family units, five duplexes, and ten apartment dwellings.

Some 41 of these residences were reported on as to the year of their erection. None had been built since 1960, eight had been built between 1940 and 1960, 19 had been erected between 1920 and 1940, ten between 1900 and 1920, and four were built before 1900.

DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

ST. MARTIN'S CHURCH, Oak Lane, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

The Church Self-Study Form submitted by this parish gives a comprehensive analysis of the present situation. The congregation has had a declining membership for many years. The present leadership sees the problems as being the age of the congregation, the type of non-growth community in which the church is located, and an ingrown attitude of complacency and detachment from the rest of the church. Major opportunities are seen as the overcoming of "our statistics through the grace of the Holy Spirit. We have an opportunity to 'come alive' and be the Church, and not be obsessed with self-perpetuation."

The present announced program of revitalization, which includes lay calling groups, revamping new women's work, outreach to others, and emphasis on worship, would seem to be the correct and logical steps to take in strengthening the parish.

In addition, it is recommended that a continuing stewardship education program be carried on. This should include a complete and comprehensive Every Member Canvass and an emphasis on proportionate giving of income looking to 10% tithing. Members of the congregation can be led to understand that their giving is an integral part of their worship, and that their giving is to God rather than to the needs of the local parish.

In order to implement the revitalization and to provide motivation for the members to look outside of themselves, it is suggested that consideration be given to

something like a Parish Life Conference, a Preaching Mission, or some other activity designed to stimulate and electrify the inner life of the present communicants.

Because of the significant number of Episcopal churches in the area, it is recommended that St. Martin's Church cooperate in every way possible with nearby sister parishes, irrespective of differences in ceremonial or background. If it is possible to have area church school teacher-training sessions, vestry planning conferences, or other cooperative functions, then these are to be highly encouraged. The development of an "Episcopal Face" in this portion of Philadelphia is highly desirable. Close association and communication with other congregations in the area might lead to the consideration and development of an eventual merger with a sister parish.

The Parish Council of St. Martin's appears to be a most useful group. It is suggested that as needs arise in the parish life, the task-force or commission type of operation should be developed by this group rather than the setting up of permanent organizations to handle a specific function. Such commission groups ought to include both men and women, and as quickly as possible there should be an end to any sense of rivalry between the sexes. Neither men nor women should seek credit for their accomplishments, but should work closely together in concern and harmony to accomplish our Lord's work.

If it is at all possible for St. Martin's Church to reverse the trend of the past few years, the present



outlined program and leadership plan should do it if implemented. Much prayer, a dedication to relevant and vital issues, and a willingness to face change are called for from every baptized person in this congregation. The future of the congregation will depend, in large part, upon the developing attitude of the members.